

# To Balun or not to Balun

You need an RF Choke / Current Balun to  
turn your 'Tripole' into a 'Dipole'

Presented to DCARC, 2016 Oct 3

Based on: Rich Quick, W4RQ, and Kai Siwiak, KE4PT, "Does  
Your Antenna Need a Choke or Balun?" *QST* Mar 2017.

RED TOUCHES YELLOW,  
WHICH I THINK MEANS  
THIS IS A  $24\Omega$  SNAKE.



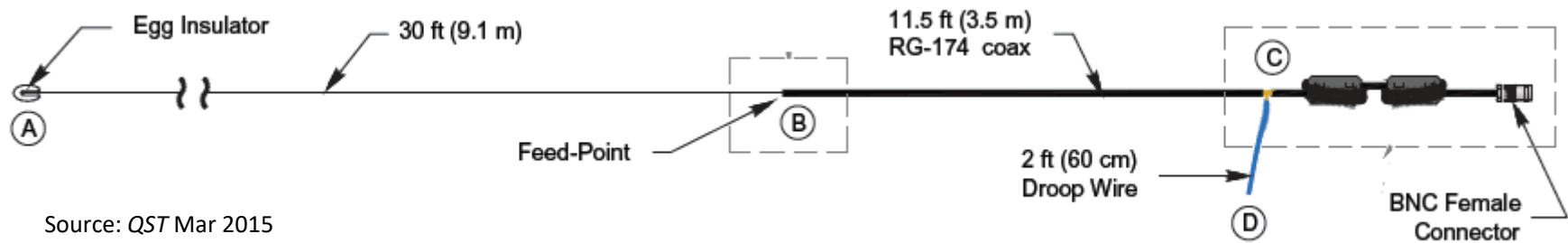
xkcd.com/1604

THE LAST BAND OF  
COLOR INDICATES THE  
SNAKE'S TOLERANCE  
FOR BEING HELD  
BEFORE BITING.

# Some Observations

- A Current Balun is a Choke, its sole purpose is to limit Common Mode Current
- A Voltage Balun transforms impedances between balanced and unbalanced ports
- A Voltage Balun may or may not affect CMC

# The KE4PT OCEF Dipole: Part of the Coax Radiates Intentionally

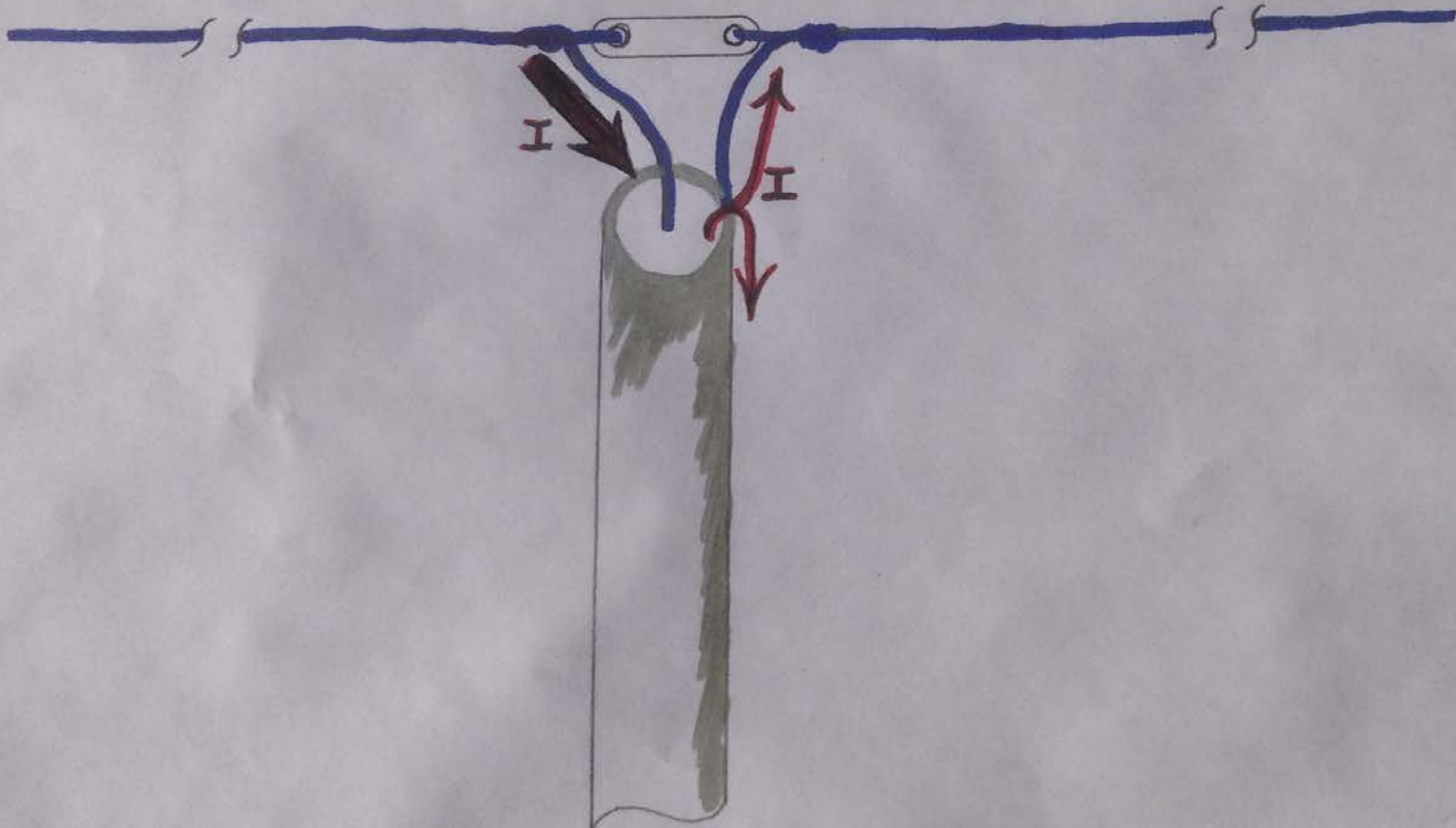


radiating extension of coax center conductor, A—B

radiating coax shield, length B—C (or B-C-D)

no radiation after choke

Dipole,  
or Tripole?



Source: *Rich Quick, W4RQ.*

# Dipoles Fed by Coax: The Coax Radiates Unintentionally

- Kai's OCEF dipole intentionally uses coax as radiator.
- Normally this is unintentional and unwanted
- Feeding with coax cable at the dipole center makes the coax shield a part of the radiator
- As much as 35% of the total power might be radiated by the coax feed line!

# Modeled in 4nec2

Coax:

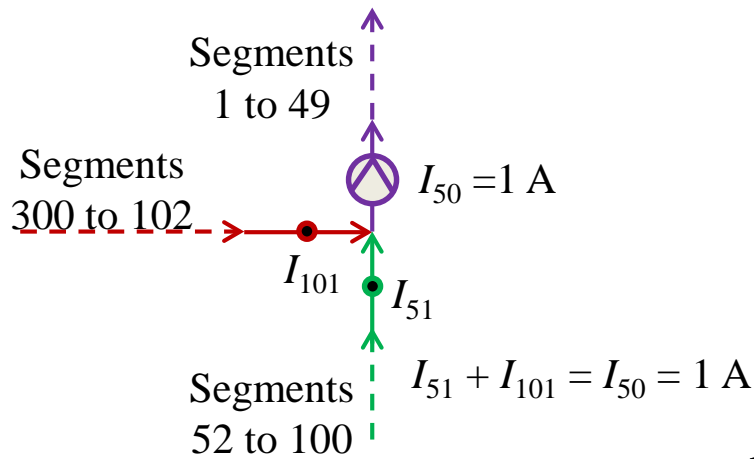
segments 101 – 300

Coax cable

Top element  
segments 1 – 50

Dipole elements

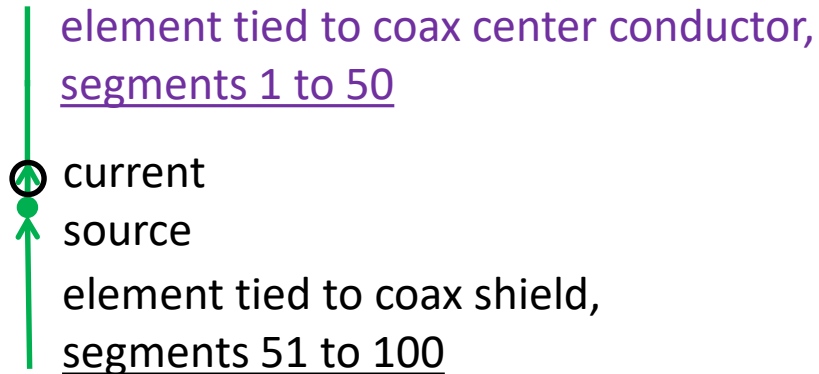
Bottom element  
segments 51 – 100



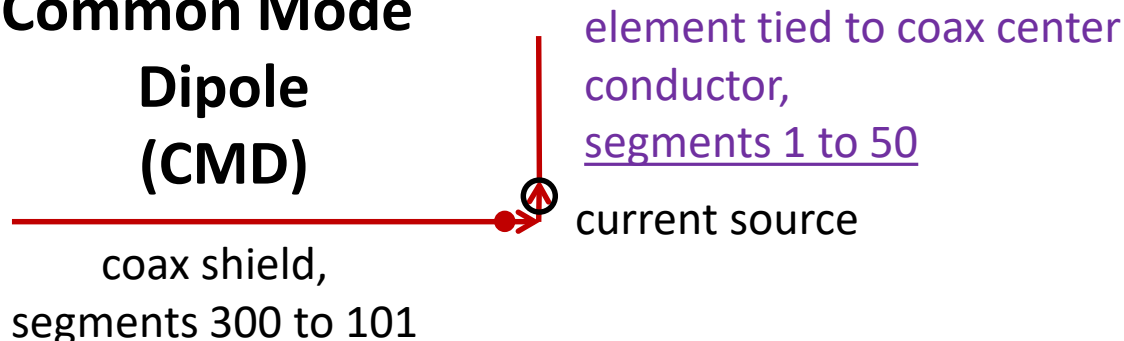
Detail of segments 50, 51, and 101

# There are Really Two Dipoles that Share One of the Elements!

## Differential Mode Dipole (DMD)

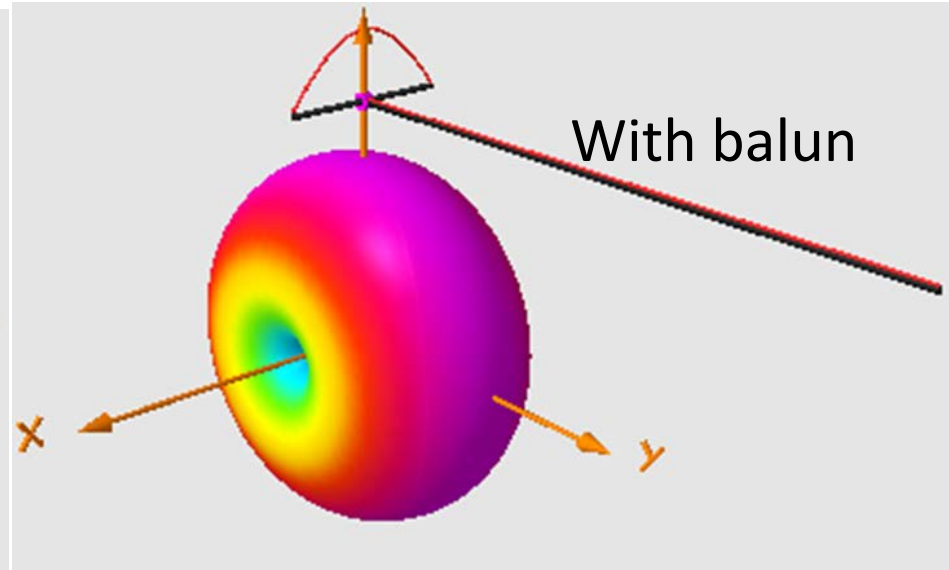
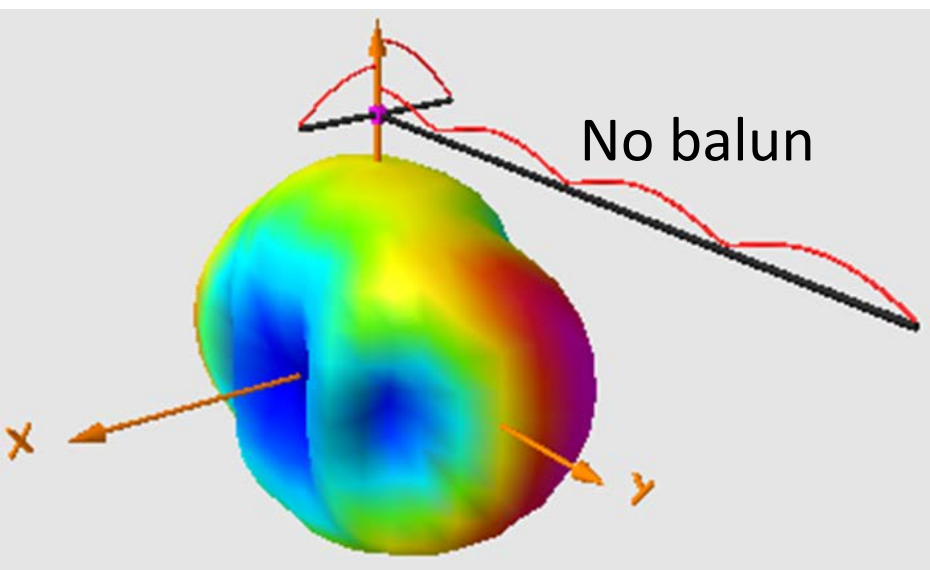


## Common Mode Dipole (CMD)





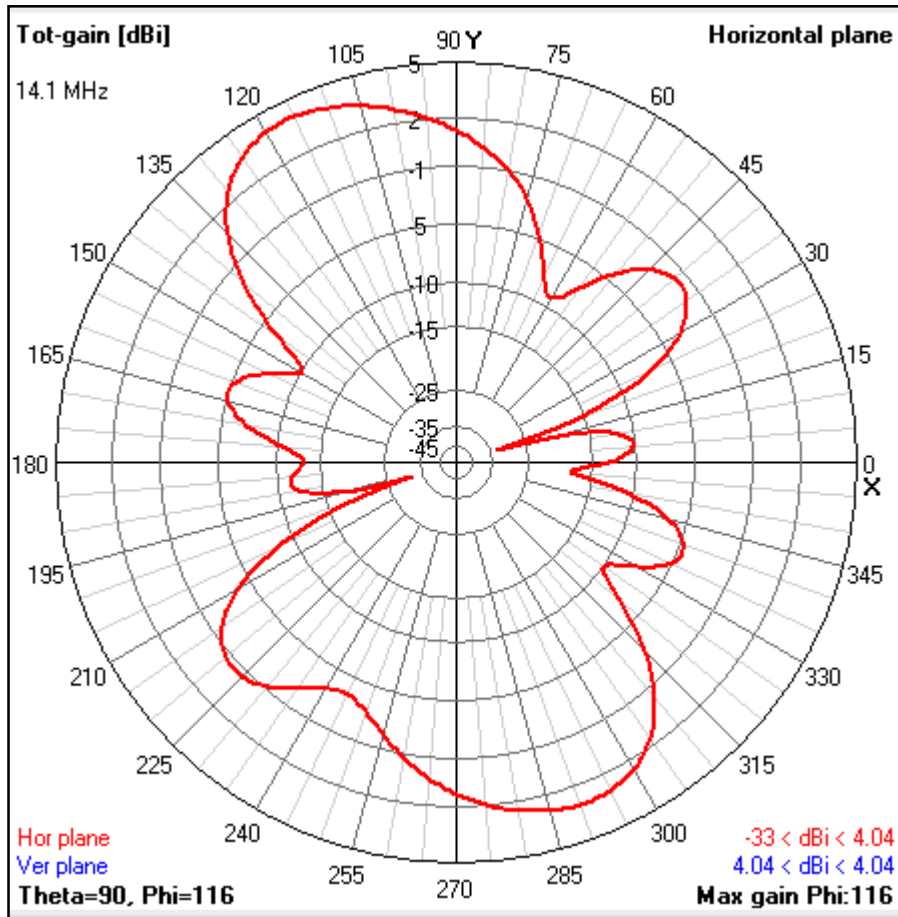
# 4nec2 Model of Coax-Fed Dipole Shows Currents in Wires



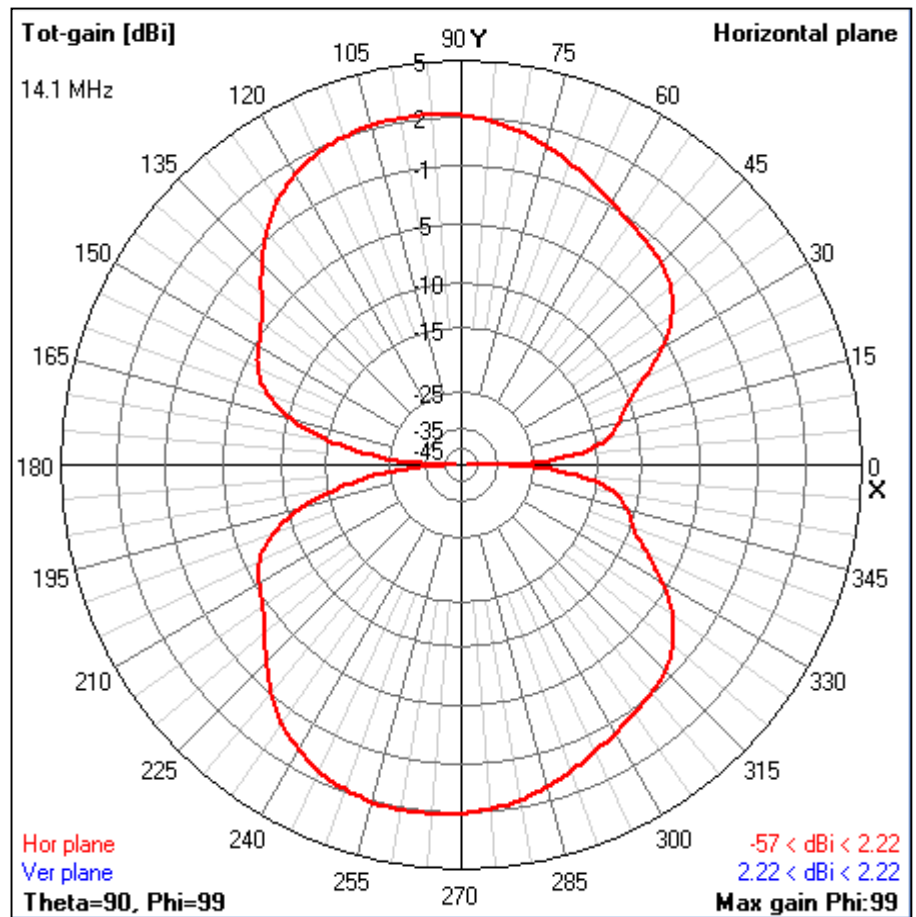
- 3—D pattern for dipole fed by a  $1.75 \lambda$  coax length, without a choke.
- Worst case: 35% of the total power radiates from the coax shield / common mode dipole.

- 3—D pattern for dipole fed by a  $2 \lambda$  coax length, or with a choke / balun at the feed point.
- Best case: Less than 2% of power radiates from the coax shield

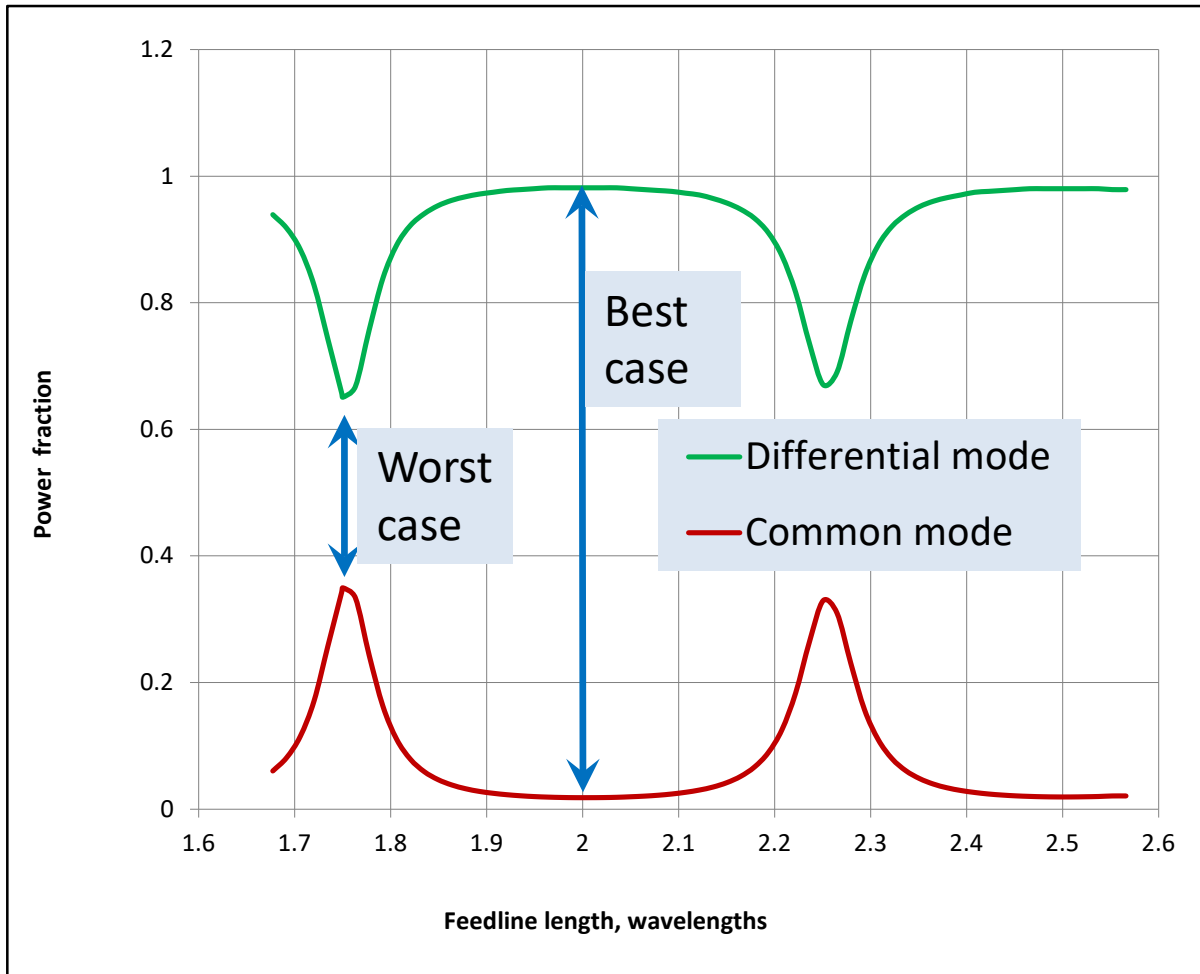
# Poorly Choked 'Tripole' Pattern



# Well Choked Dipole Pattern

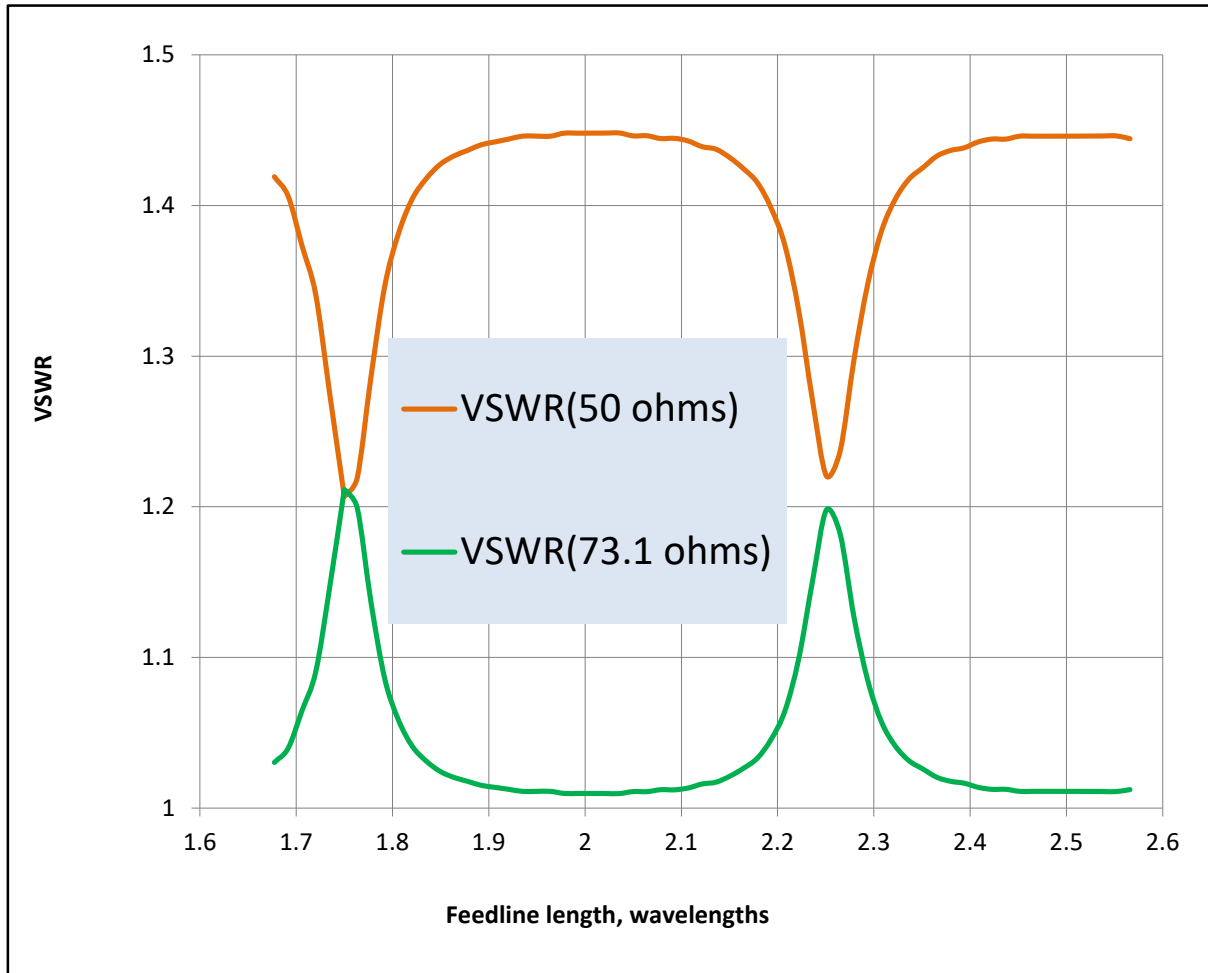


# Power Splits Between the DMD and CMD Depending on the Coax Length



- **28% chance that more than 10% of the power is radiated by the coax**
- **Worst case 35% of the power is radiated by the coax**

# VSWR Unreliable Indicator of CMC Problem



- **Result depends on how you match the antenna to the transmitter**
- **VSWR might peak or dip at the worst coax length**

# Do you need a choke or balun?

- No, If you don't care about RF in the shack
- No, If you don't care about Common Mode noise reception
- No, If you don't care about your antenna pattern

***IF YOU DO CARE: Choke the feed line***

***USE A DIPOLE, NOT A TRIPOLE!***

Dipole:

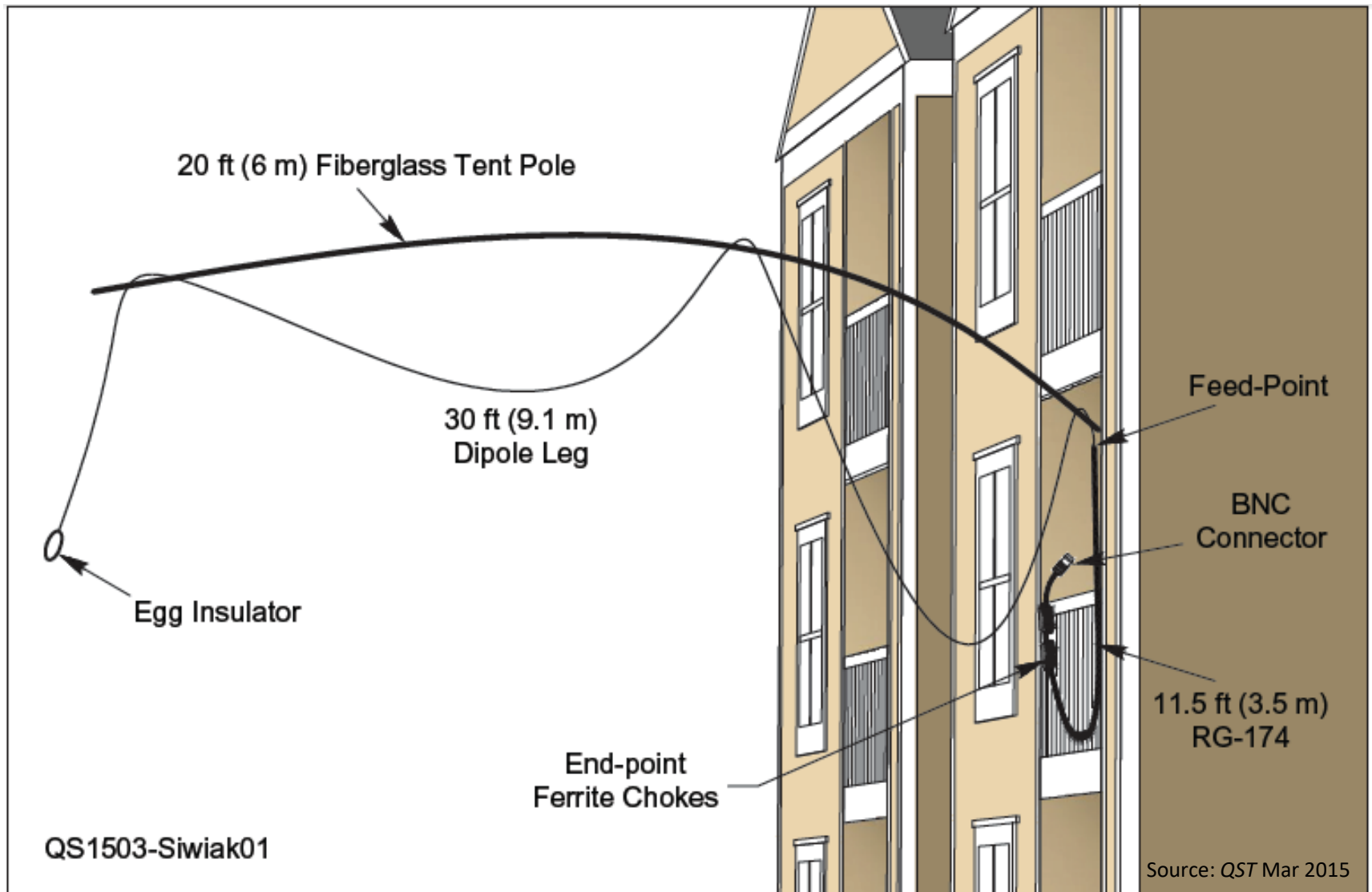


not Tripole



Extras...





The OCEF dipole relies on radiation from the coax shield up to the chokes. You can droop it from a fiberglass tent pole that is secured to a balcony using bungee cords.